## IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF INDIANA COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA CRIMINAL DIVISON

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA	: NO CRIM
	:
VS	: CHARGE(S):
	:
DEFENDANT	: :
WAIVER OF	F JURY TRIAL
AND NOW, this day of and pleads not guilty, and with the consent of his of the Judge, waives a jury trial and elects to be	, 20, comes the defendant is/her attorney, the District Attorney, and approval tried by a judge without a jury.
Defendant	_
Attorney for Defendant	
Consented to:	
District Attorney	
Judge	

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANI VS	A : IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS : INDIANA COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA : : CRIMINAL DIVISION
DEFENDANT	: NO.
	OF DEFENDANT'S RIGHTS I-JURY TRIAL
1. Do you understand that you are ent	titled, under the Constitution of the United States and
the Constitution of Pennsylvania, to	a trial by jury on these charges?
2. Do you understand that you would	participate, along with your attorney and the District
Attorney assigned to prosecute you	ar case in the selection of that jury to be chosen from
members of this community, that be	ing Indiana County?
3. You would have the right to challen	nge members of the jury panel. This means that you
would keep the right to keep certain	persons on the jury panel from being a member of the
jury in your case. You would have	ve as many challenges for cause as the Court would
approve. A challenge for cause is	some good reason why a member of that jury panel
would not sit as a fair and impart	tial juror in your case. You would also have (5 if
misdemeanor, 7 if felony) peremptor	ry challenges. A peremptory challenge is one in which
you do not have to give any reason a	at all to prevent a member of the jury panel from being
a member of the jury in your case.	Do you understand this?
4. Do you understand that all twelve m	nembers of the jury so selected would have to find and
vote for your guilt before you coul	d be adjudicated guilty, that is, their verdict for your
conviction would have to be unanim	nous?
	Initials

5.	Do you understand that in a non-jury or bench trial before a judge, the judge would sit as a
	trier of fact, much like a jury does, bound by the same rules of evidence, and therefore, it
	would be the judge rather than a jury who would decide your guilt or innocence from the
	evidence presented in Court?
6.	Do you understand that in a jury trial as in a non-jury trial before a judge, you would enter
	the courtroom clothed with the presumption of innocence and that presumption would
	remain with you until such time, if ever, that the jury should find you guilty?
7.	Have you discussed with your attorney your intention to waive your constitutional right to
	a trial by jury and proceed in what we call a non-jury before a judge only, who will decide
	your guilty or innocence from the evidence presented?
8.	Knowing all of this and having discussed your rights with your attorney, it is the Court's
	understanding that you voluntarily wish to waive your constitutional right to a jury trial
	and proceed to trial before a judge without a jury, is that correct?
9.	Do you understand that you are charged with
	and the maximum sentence you could receive on each of these offenses if convicted is
	?
10.	Do you completely understand these proceedings today?
11.	Have you ever had any physical or mental illness that would disturb your thinking in any
	way whatsoever here today or affect the voluntariness of your waiver of rights to a jury
	trial?
12.	Are you completely satisfied with the representation and legal advice of your attorney?

Initials \_\_\_\_\_

13. Has anybody forced you, or attempted to force you, in your decision to waive your
constitutional right to a trial by jury?
14. Has anybody promised you anything for waiving your constitutional rights to a trial by jury?
15. Are there any further questions concerning your right to a jury trial, your waiver of that right, or the charge(s) against you, which you would like to ask of this Court?
Signature Defendant
As attorney for the Defendant, I hereby certify that I have advised my client of his/her rights and of the meaning of the questions contained in this form and it is my belief that the Defendant understands these rights and that it is his/her voluntary decision to proceed non-jury.
Attorney for Defendant